



GOES-R Program Update

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GLM AWG/R3 Science Team Meeting
Huntsville, AL
September 29-30, 2009

Outline

- Flight Status
- Proving Ground
 - HWT Spring Experiment
 - Convective Initiation
 - Lightning Detection, Trending
 - Future Plans
- GOES-R Risk Reduction
 - Innovative Ideas for Multi-instrument Blended Satellite Products
 - Visiting Scientist Program
 - JCSDA 2010 Data Assimilation Initiative
- Summary

<http://www.goes-r.gov>

http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/goes_r/proving-ground.html

GOES-R Flight Status

Element	Function	Contractor	Status
Spacecraft	Platform for the environmental sensors and communications	Lockheed Martin Space Systems Company	Kick off -Sept 21
Advanced Baseline Imager (ABI)	<i>Primary Instrument:</i> Provides imagery of the Earth's surface, atmosphere and ground cover	ITT	Engineering unit in test
Geostationary Lightning Mapper (GLM)	Detects the frequency and location of lightning activity	Lockheed Martin Space Systems Company	Critical design underway* • CDR- Dry Run March 29 • CDR April 19
Space Environmental In-Situ Suite (SEISS)	Monitors the space environment	Assurance Technology Corporation	Critical design phase: Brassboard development
Extreme Ultra Violet / X-Ray Irradiance Sensor (EXIS)	Provides real time measurement of solar activity.	Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics	Critical design underway
Solar Ultra Violet Imager (SUVI)	Observes the sun's emissions and provides early detection and location of flares	Lockheed Martin Space Systems Company	Critical design underway
Magnetometer	Measures the magnitude and direction of the Earth's magnetic field	Lockheed Martin Space Systems Company	Kick off -Sept 21

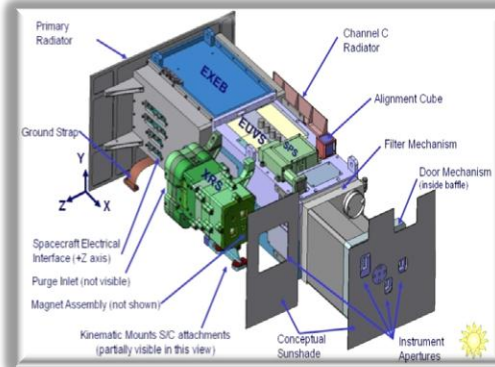
*GLM CDR schedule as of Sept 2009

Flight Technical Status

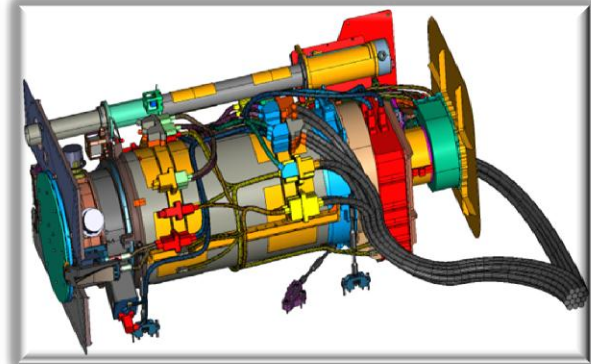
(ABI) Prototype Model (PTM)



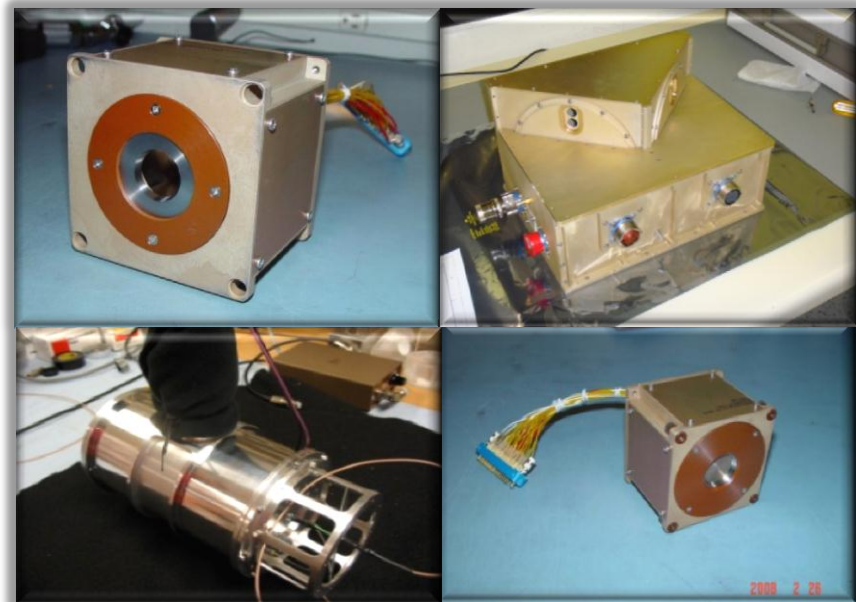
EXIS



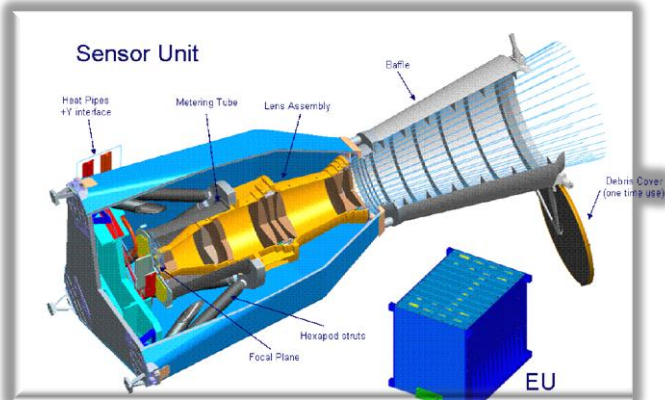
SUVI



SEISS



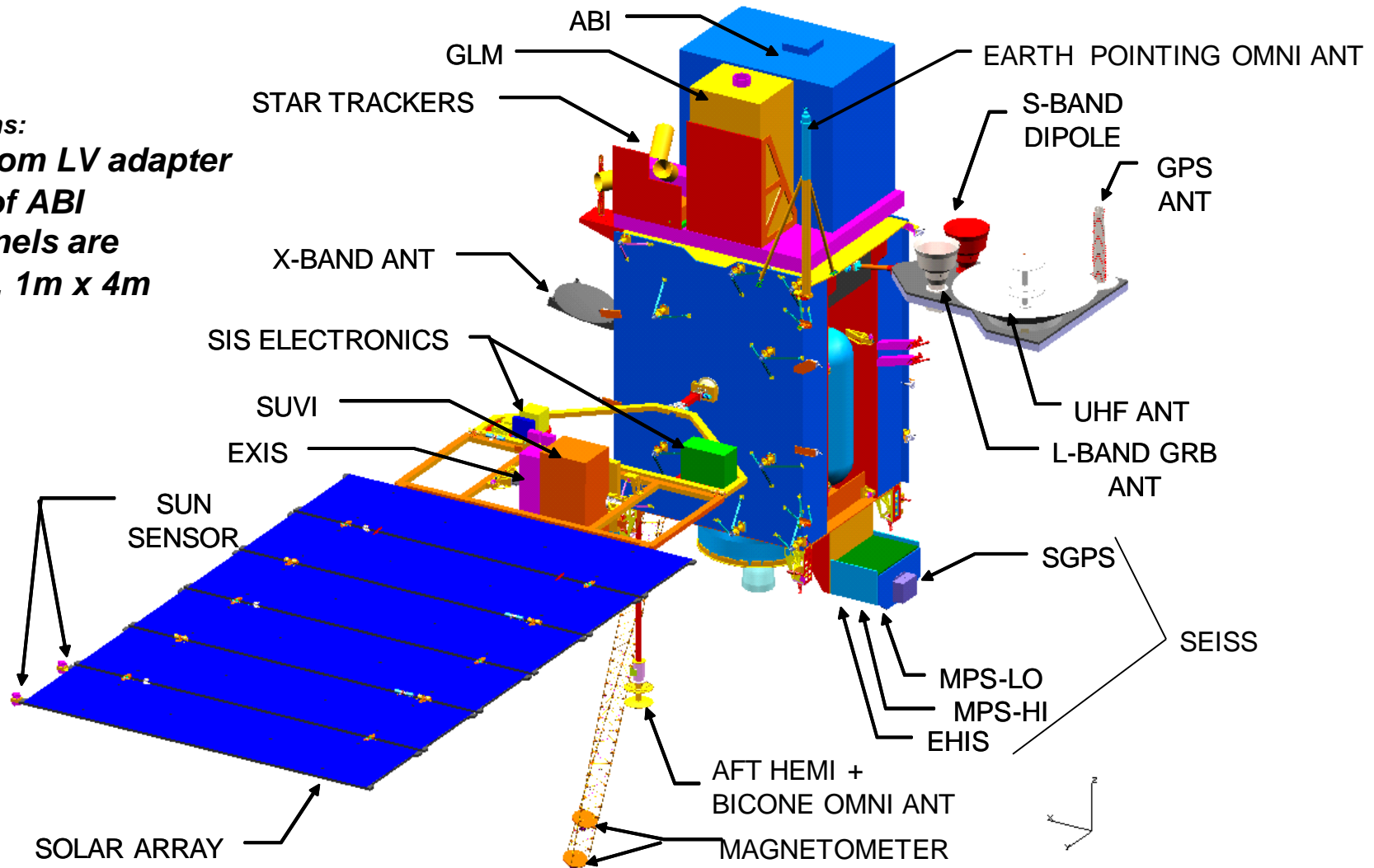
GLM

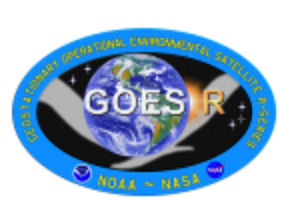


GOES-R Spacecraft

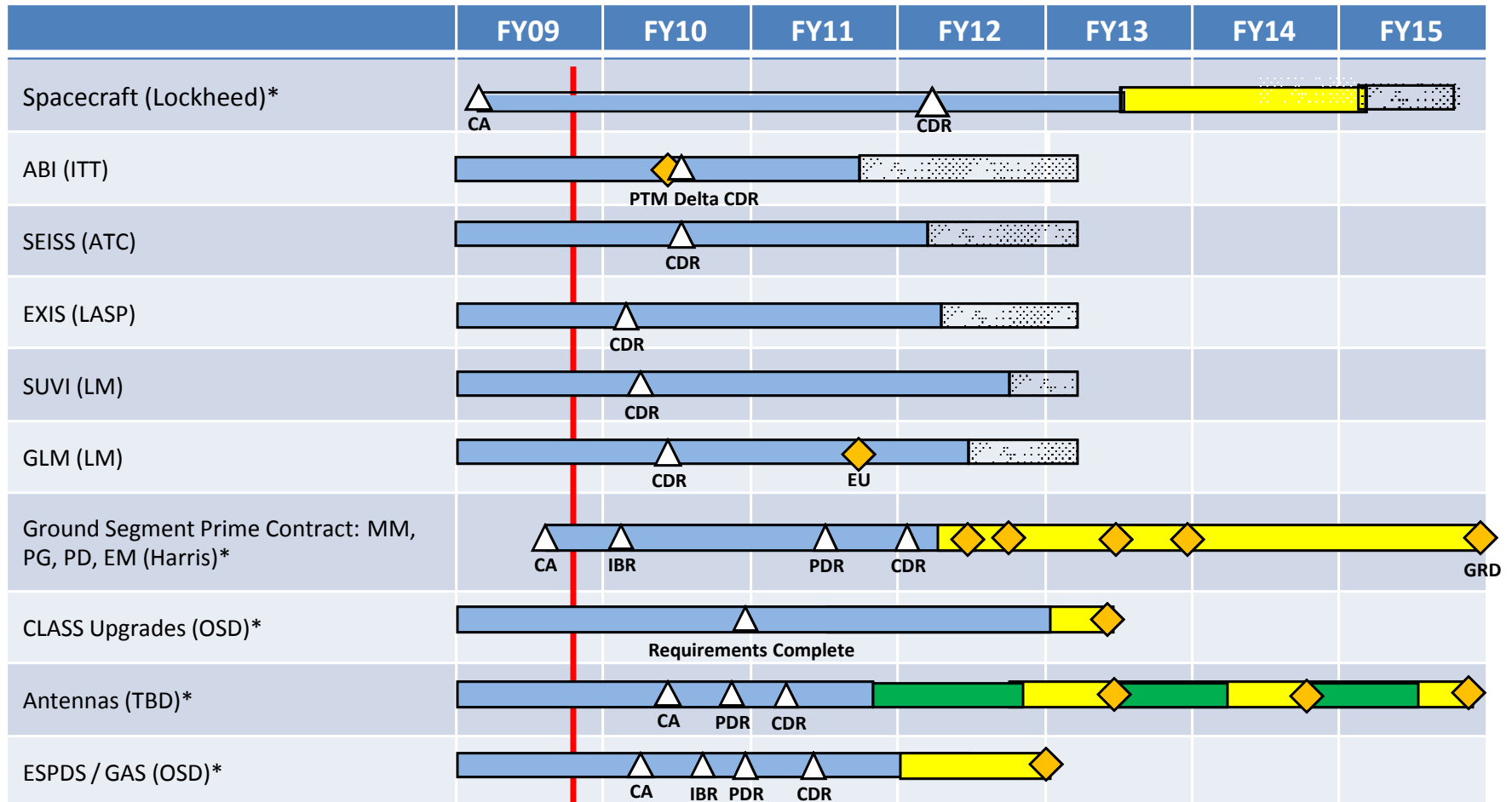
Dimensions:

- 5.4m from LV adapter to top of ABI
- S/A Panels are approx. 1m x 4m each

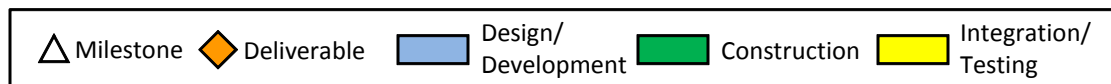




GOES-R Program Master Schedule



*Schedule is notional until Integrated Baseline Review



GOES-R User Readiness



Risk Reduction (Mitigation)

GOES-R Algorithm/Product Readiness

Underpinning Research & Development (new applications & Day 2 Products)	Pre & Post Launch Sensor Calibration and validation	Operational Algorithm Readiness Development and Transition to Operations	Sustained Post Launch Validation and Reactive Science Maintenance	User Readiness
Risk Reduction	Calibration Working Group	Algorithm Working Group	Algorithm Working Group	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Proving Ground• Risk Reduction• Outreach• Training

GOES-R OPERATIONAL PRODUCTS

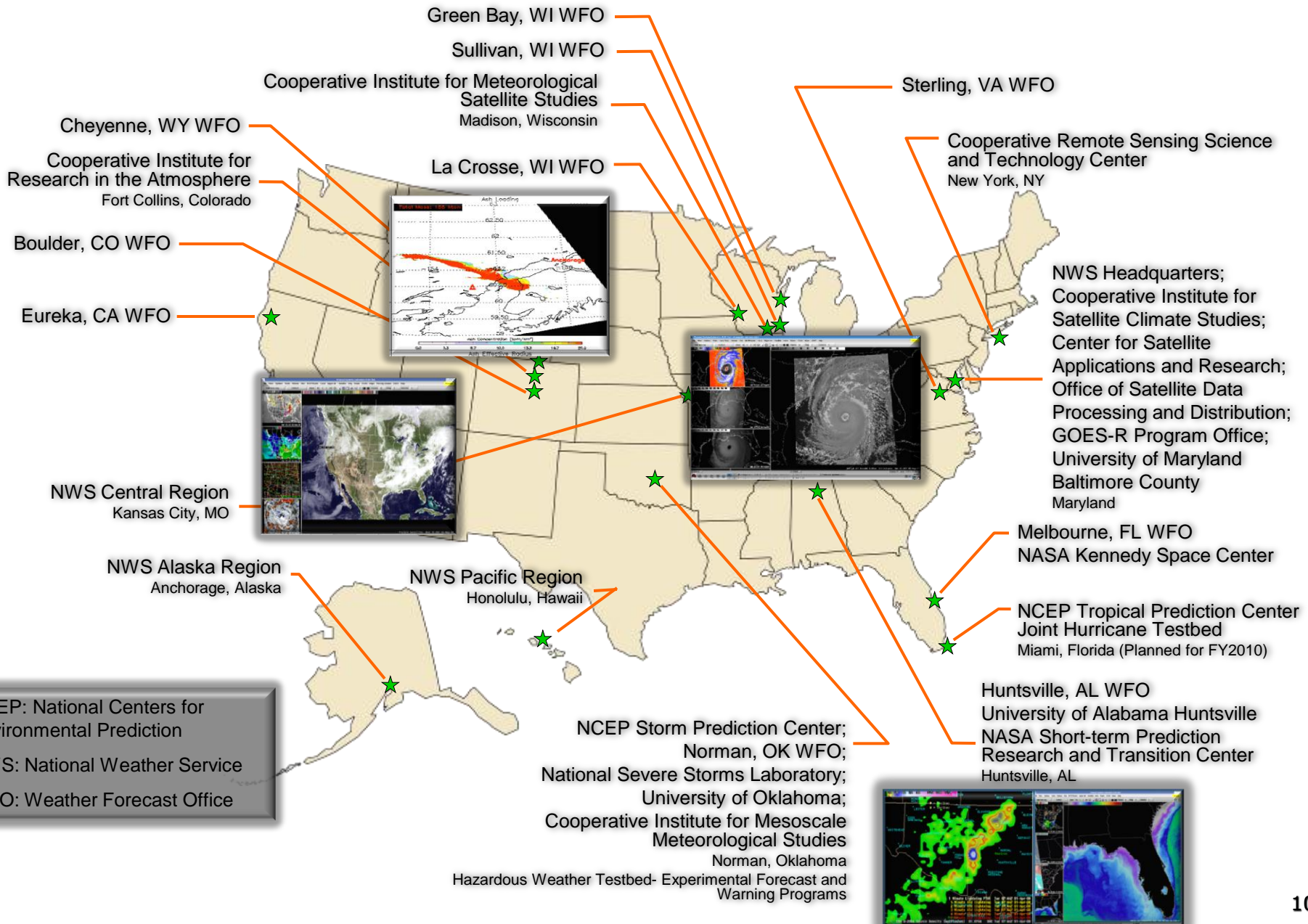
BASELINE (Continuity)

- Clouds and Moisture Imagery
- Clear Sky Masks
- Temperature and Moisture Profiles
- Total Precipitable Water
- Stability Parameters (Lifted Index)
- Cloud Top Pressure and Height
- Cloud Top Phase
- Cloud Particle Size Distribution
- Cloud Optical Path
- Rainfall Rate
- Aerosols Optical Depth
- Atmospheric Motion Vectors (AMVs)
- Hurricane Intensity
- Volcanic Ash
- Fire/Hot Spot Characterization
- Land and Sea Surface Temperature
- Snow Cover
- Downward Surface Insolation
- Lightning Detection

OPTION 2 (Enhanced Capability)

- Cloud Layer/Heights
- Cloud Ice Water Path
- Cloud Liquid Water
- Cloud Type
- Convective Initiation
- Turbulence
- Low Cloud and Fog
- Visibility
- Surface Albedo
- Upward and Downward Longwave Radiation
- Upward and Absorbed Shortwave Radiation
- Total Ozone
- SO₂ Detections (Volcanoes)
- Surface Emissivity
- Aerosol Particle Size
- Vegetation Index
- Vegetation Fraction
- Snow Depth
- Flood Standing Water
- Rainfall probability and potential
- Enhanced "V"/Overshooting Top
- Aircraft Icing Threat
- Ice Cover
- Sea & Lake Ice Concentration, Age, Extent, Motion
- Ocean Currents.

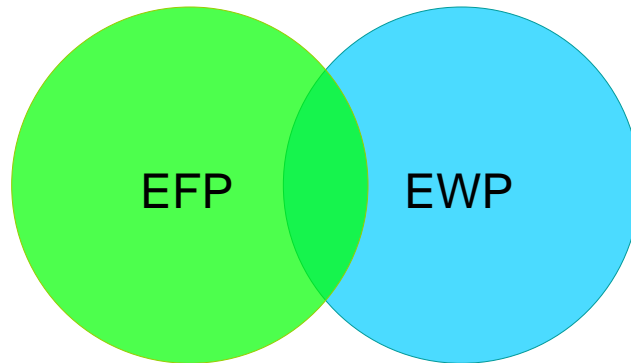
GOES-R Proving Ground Partners



NOAA Hazardous Weather Testbed



Experimental
Forecast
Program



Experimental
Warning
Program

*Prediction of hazardous weather events from **a few hours to a week in advance***

*Detection and prediction of hazardous weather events **up to several hours in advance***



Initial Products & Examples

Four GOES-R Proving Ground products available at the SPC for 2009 Spring Experiment

- 15-minute Cloud-top Cooling (CTC) Rate (UW-CIMSS)
 - Monitors cloud-top IR brightness temperature based on an operational cloud mask using a box-averaging method
- Convective Initiation (CI) Nowcast (UW-CIMSS)
 - Based on CTC product with more stringent requirements for cloud-top microphysical properties
- 10-km Total Lightning Source Density (SPoRT/NSSL)
 - Re-sampled from three LMA networks (Huntsville, AL, Washington DC and Norman, OK)
- 0-1 Hour Probability of Severe Hail (CIRA)
 - Based on RUC objective analysis fields and cloud-top temperature

2010 HWT Plans and Opportunities

- Provide select products for real-time testing within SPC operations
- Invitations and announcements for 2010 Spring Experiment in January/February... experiment likely begins in late April
- Expanded product suite possibilities
 - TPW/LI/CAPE
 - Continuous CTC
 - Enhanced-V/overshooting tops
 - GLM proxy-LMA 10-km flashes, density and pixel-based trends
 - Ingest LMA data from Cape Canaveral network
 - 0-6 hour severe hail, wind and tornado forecast
 - Others...
- Additional Experiments (spread out during the year)
 - Fire weather/heavy rain experiment (August)
 - Winter weather experiment (December/January)
- NWP- Short-Range Ensemble Forecasts (warn on forecast)

Proving Ground Summary

- Proving Ground Program Plan under development
- Phase I spin-up at CIMSS, CIRA (2008)
- Phase II added SPoRT, AQ, Alaska, Pacific
 - HWT IOP with VORTEX-2 (2009, 2010)
 - JHT IOP with GRIP (NASA), PREDICT (NSF) 2010
- Need real time and archived events (AWIPS2, WES)
- PG is the ultimate tool for user interaction
- Must maintain focus on clear path to operations
- Ensuring pathway into operations by developing GOES-R proxy products for the AWIPS2 environment
- Existing and Planned collaborations with NOAA Testbeds-HWT, JHT, DTC, HMT, JCSDA, others (Aviation Testbed)

Capacity Building and Outreach

- GOES Users Conferences, Meetings, Symposia
 - Southern Thunder (ST09) held in July at Cocoa Beach, FL
 - GUC VI November 3-5, 2009 at Madison, WI
 - PG Annual Meeting May (25?), 2010 at Boulder, CO
 - AWG/R3 Annual Meeting, May-June, 2010 at Madison, WI
 - Pacific Region PG Meeting, July-August, 2010 at Honolulu, HI
- Outreach Materials
 - Fact Sheets for Proving Ground and Products in development- distribution targeted for NWA October, GUC VI November, and AMS January
 - Web site improvements underway
 - Tri-fold updated with spacecraft, 10K bookmarks for distribution
 - Training modules (COMET, VISITView)- GOES-R Overview completed
- 2 staff at NWS HQS to support Proving Ground planning and implementation
- 1 satellite champion at NOAA Hazardous Weather Testbed in Norman, OK
 - IOP held spring 2009, IOP planned for spring 2010
- 1 Data Assimilation visiting scientist at GSD/ESRL in Boulder, CO to develop HRRR/WRF capability- job announcement forthcoming
- 3 Data Assimilation scientists at EMC to develop 4D-VAR/EnKF capability

Capacity Building and Outreach

GOES-R Capabilities

- Spectral, spatial, and temporal resolution improved by factors of 3, 4, and 5
- Lightning detection with real-time maps of all lightning activity in the Western Hemisphere
- Increased dynamic range, resolution, and sensitivity in monitoring solar X-ray flux improves models of the ionosphere
- Real-time solar extreme ultraviolet movies in 8 channels improves models of flares and coronal mass ejections
- Monitoring of low energy ionizing responsible for spacecraft charging
- Re-broadcast provides 10 times more data than the current GOES Variable Format

GOES-R Communications Mission:

Remote environmental sensing instruments are only part of the payload on the GOES-R Series satellites. In addition, there are several GOES-R unique communications capabilities upon which thousands of users depend. These special-purpose "transponders" relay data directly to users to meet critical needs. They include:

HRIT/EMWIN

High Rate Information Transmission/Emergency Managers Weather Information Network (HRIT/EMWIN). HRIT is a new high data rate (400 kbps) combination of today's LRT Low Rate Information Transmission and EMWIN services. Delivering selected imagery, charts, other environmental data products, and text messages (NWS Watches and Warnings) to handheld users.

DCS

Data Collection System (DCS). GOES-R spacecraft relay data transmissions for nearly 20,000 in-situ environmental data platforms from across the hemisphere. GOES-R will support 300 tps, 1200 tps, and CDMA platforms.

SARSAT

All GOES-R satellites support the Search and Rescue Satellite Aided Tracking (SARSAT) service by relaying distress signals from in-orbit Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRBs) and other transmitting devices.

GRB

GOES-R Re-Broadcast (GRB). GRB will contain the Level 1b data from each of the GOES-R instruments and is the GOES-R version of today's GOES Variable Format (GVF).

the next generation GOES-R the nation's weather satellite



The Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite "R" series (GOES-R) program is a key element to meeting the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) mission. The advanced spacecraft and instrument technology used on the GOES-R series will result in more timely and accurate weather forecasts. It will improve support for the detection and observations of meteorological phenomena that directly affect public safety, protection of property, and ultimately, economic health and development. The first launch of the GOES-R series satellite is scheduled for 2015.



Contact Information:

GOES-R is a collaborative development and acquisition effort between NOAA and NASA.

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Code 417
NASA Goddard Space Flight Center
Greenbelt, MD 20771
301-296-1355

Or contact us through our website:
www.GOES-R.gov

Tri-fold

Fact Sheet



GOES-R (Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite-R Series)

GOES-R Proving Ground Severe Weather Forecast and Warning

July 2009



What Is GOES-R?

The Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite - R Series (GOES-R) is the next generation of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) geostationary earth-observing systems. Superior spacecraft and instrument technology will support expanded detection of environmental phenomena, resulting in more timely and accurate forecasts and warnings. Advancements over current GOES capabilities include improved spectral (3x), spatial (4x), and temporal (3x) resolution for the Advanced Baseline Imager (ABI), total lightning detection (cloud and cloud-to-ground Boltes) and mapping from the Geostationary Lightning Mapper (GLM), and increased dynamic range, resolution, and sensitivity in monitoring solar X-ray flux with the Solar UV Imager (SUI). GOES-R is scheduled for launch in 2015.

What Is the Proving Ground?

The GOES-R Proving Ground engages the National Weather Service (NWS) forecast and warning community in pre-operational demonstrations of select capabilities of GOES-R. This venture facilitates the examination and validation of new ideas, technologies, and products through the Advanced Weather Information Processing System (AWIPS). Emphasis is placed on the transition

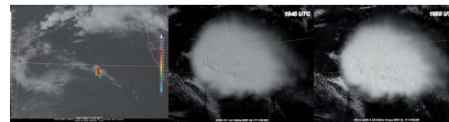


At the Proving Ground workstation located at NOAA's HRIT, the SPC's Chris Steiner (seated) demonstrates the GOES-R CI product during an active period of weather in the central U.S. to Don Stewart, Director of the NMW Office of Science and Technology.

from AWIPS-1 (AWIPS Legacy) to AWIPS-2 (AWIPS Migration), the next-generation decision support system for forecasters. Pre-operational analysis will prepare users for the new types of satellite imagery and tools that will become available with GOES-R.

How Does the Proving Ground Work?

This project joins National Environmental Satellite, Data and Information Service (NESDIS), NOAA's cooperative institutes, and its affiliated partners to participate in early-stage product evaluation. The Proving Ground provides simulated GOES-R products for operational assessment. Testing methodology includes the combination of current



GOES-R-12 image-derived Cloud Top Cooling (CTC) is shown 18 min prior to storm activity on June 17, 2009 (left panel). The first cloud-to-ground lightning with this storm occurred 18 min after the CI forecast; the first severe-weather event (2.76" hail) was recorded 30 min after the CI forecast, and the first tornado was reported 1 hr after the CI forecast. The resultant storm is shown approximately 3.6 hr following the CI forecast: 1 km GOES (center panel) and 800 m MODIS (right panel). The MODIS imagery shows the higher spatial resolution anticipated from the GOES-R ABI, which should improve CI detection. Images courtesy of Wayne Potts and Aviation Applications Team.

www.GOES-R.gov

GOES-R



GOES-R Series

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GOES-R is a collaborative development and acquisition effort between NOAA and NASA.

Find out the latest news on GOES-R development at www.GOES-R.gov.

www.GOES-R.gov

GOES-R



Mapping Lightning from Space

One of the instruments on the GOES-R series is the Geostationary Lightning Mapper (GLM). It detects the very rapid and transient bursts of light produced by lightning at near-infrared wavelengths. Both day and night, it continuously detects all in-cloud and cloud-to-ground lightning flashes. It maps all such events at a resolution of around 10 kilometers—about the scale of a storm—and does so with nearly uniform resolution over the whole western hemisphere. GLM's data will give early warning of intensifying storms and severe weather events, including tornado warning times of up to 20 minutes or more. It will also provide data for long-term climate variability studies.

Image from International Space Station, showing the Aurora Australis and lightning.



Book Marks

Innovative Ideas for Multi-instrument Blended Satellite Products

- New topical areas (phenology, energy applications)
- New investigators/team members are encouraged
- Projects that “bridge the gap” between current single-instrument or single-satellite projects (such as making connections between currently funded SSMIS and GLM projects focused on precipitation)
- Projects that result in portable applications with software following industry coding standards are encouraged
- Selections include:
 - Combining GOES-R (ABI+GLM) and GPM to improve GOES-R rainrate product
 - Using Hyperspectral POES Products to Improve GOES-R ABI Temperature/Moisture Profiles
 - Combined Geo/Leo High Latitude Atmospheric Motion Vectors (to fill gap between 60 and 70 deg latitude)

Visiting Scientist Program Initiative

- To exchange ideas and formulate cross-cutting proposals to explore innovative multi-sensor blended satellite products that will be possible in the GOES-R era
- Ideas can be explored in detail during visits of 1-4 weeks duration.
- 10 proposals selected for 2010 including:
 - 5 researcher visits of 1-2 weeks to Hazardous Weather Testbed/NCEP Storm Prediction Center (Aviation, Fire Weather, NWP)
 - CalNEX Air Quality/Trace Gas Field Validation Campaign participation
 - River flood product collaboration with NWS Office of Hydrology
 - ABI+GLM advanced products for aviation weather hazards (oceanic)
 - Martin Setvak (CMHI, NC-SAF) visit to CIRA- severe convection/clouds
 - Attendance at Nowcasting SAF 2010 User's Workshop
 - Cloud Algorithm Collaboration with NC-SAF, Swedish Hydrological and Meteorological Institute (SMHI) and CM-SAF Royal Dutch Meteorological Institute (KNMI)

JCSDA 2010 Data Assimilation Initiative

Funding Opportunity Title: Research in Satellite Data Assimilation for Numerical Weather, Climate and Environmental Forecast Systems

Funding Opportunity: NOAA-NESDIS-NESDISPO-2010-2001902 (Proposals Due October 13, 2009)

The JCSDA's goal is to accelerate the abilities of NOAA, DOD, and NASA to ingest and effectively use large volumes of data from current and future satellite-based instruments (over the next 10 years). Maximizing the impact of these observations on numerical weather prediction and data assimilation systems is a high priority of the JCSDA.

New for 2010:

Advanced Instruments (e.g. IASI, ASCAT, SSMIS, Jason-2/3, SMOS, Aquarius, ADM, CrIS, ATMS, **ABI, GLM**, GPM, and other planned research missions) are or will become available over the course of the next decade.

- Impact studies of assimilating future instruments data and products on the forecast of severe weather events (hurricanes, flash flooding, etc) at both global and regional scales.

- Full announcement at JCSDA web site:<http://www.jcsda.noaa.gov/> or through Grants-On-Line (www.grants.gov)
- Please contact Sid-Ahmed Boukabara with any questions (sid.boukabara@noaa.gov).

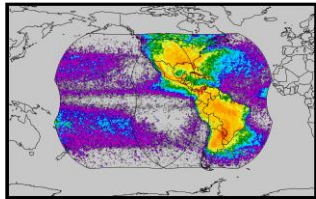
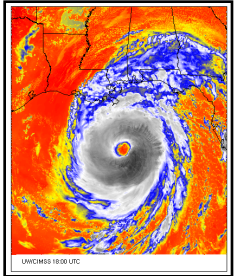
Summary

- GOES-R Flight Segment- sensors making great progress
 - ABI Prototype model in test
 - Other sensors heading towards Critical Design Review (CDR)
- GOES-R Ground Segment- development under way
 - Ground SRR October 27-30, Melbourne, FL
 - Major Contractor (Harris) onboard and working towards Integrated Baseline Review (November) and Preliminary Design.
 - Government Algorithm team making Great Progress on developing Mature ATBD
 - Successful ADEB Review August 27-28
 - The 80% algorithms on track for Sept 30 delivery
 - Starting some initial Cal/Val experiments
- GOES-R Proving Ground activities ensuring GOES-R readiness



6th GOES Users' Conference

http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/goes_r/meetings/guc2009/



Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellites: <http://www.goes-r.gov>

Special Event on 2 November: 50th Anniversary of the 1st Meteorological Satellite Experiment